

# SAMPLE PAPER - I

A Start Start

	NAME:			
	Section 1: True or False Write 'T' if you think the statement is t change your answer, cross out neatly a	true and 'F' if you think it is false. If you want to and re-write next to it.	Answer	Office use
1	Thah is slower than Dugun		(T / F)	only 2
2	Yaman and Bhupali have the same num	ber of Swaras in Aroha		2
3	The first part of a Gat is the Antara			2
4	To make a piece slower you must short	en the length of the Matra.		2
5	Dadra and Kaherwa have the same num			2
6	Yaman and Bhupali have the same Vadi			2
7	Gat is always played in Taal			2
8	RA is the main stroke used to play the C	hikari in Jhalla		2
9	Tali is always on the first Matra of a Vib	hag		2
10	Jhaptal and Teental have the same num	ber of Vibhag		2
11	Raags Bhupali and Bilaval have the sam	e number of Swaras in Avaroha		2
12	Two Avartan of Dadra equals one Avart	an of Ektal		2
13	Dugun is a type of Laya	Ndr h		2
	Section 2: Multiple choice Write the letter of the correct answer cross out neatly and re-write next to it	in the box. If you want to change your answer,	Answer (a/b/c)	Office use only
14	Mandra Saptak refers to	<ul><li>(a) High Swar</li><li>(b) Low Swar</li><li>(c) A type of Taan</li></ul>		2
15	How many types of Laya are there?	(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4		2
16	Pakad or Chalan is	<ul><li>(a) The Aroh-Avaroha of a Raag</li><li>(b) The catchphrase of a Raag</li><li>(c) A type of Alaap</li></ul>		2
17	What is a Matra?	(a) Sam (b) Beat (c) Rhythm		2
18	How many Avartan in Teentaal?	(a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 4		2
19	Dha Ge Na are the first three Bols of which Taal?	(a) Dadra (b) Kaherwa (c) Teentaal		2
20	What is Alankar?	<ul><li>(a) A Raag</li><li>(b) A classical song</li><li>(c) A vocal exercise</li></ul>		2
21	Taan is	<ul><li>(a) A type of Bandish</li><li>(b) An improvised melodic passage</li><li>(c) Another name for Alaap</li></ul>		2

	Section 2 cont'd	NAME	Answer (a/b/c)	Office use only
22	When is an Alankar Dugun?	<ul> <li>(a) when 2 Swars are sung to each Matra of a Tal</li> <li>(b) when 3 Swars are sung to each Matra of a Tal</li> <li>(c) when 4 Swars are sung to each Matra of a Tal</li> </ul>		2
23	Which of the following is played fastest?	<ul> <li>(a) SA RE GA</li> <li>(b) <u>SA RE GA</u></li> <li>(c) <u>SA RE</u></li> </ul>		2
24	What is the most important note in a Raag called?	(a) Vadi (b) Samvadi (c) Anuvadi		2
25	The Jora is tuned to	(a) Tar Saptak SA (b) Mandra Saptak SA (c) Madhya Saptak SA		2
26	Antara is mainly sung in	(a) Mandra Saptak (b) Tar Spatak (c) Madhya Saptak		2
27	Which Taal has the most Vibhag?	(a) Teentaal (b) Ektal (c) Jhaptal		2
28	What is the main part of a song called?	(a)Antara (b) Vadi (c) Asthayi		2
29	Which of the following notes are Vikrit?	(a) Tivra MA (b) SA (c) PA		2
30	What is a Tihai?	<ul><li>(a) A type of song</li><li>(b) A composed piece</li><li>(c) A cadential form or technique for ending pieces</li></ul>		2
31	Bhairav is to be sung in the	(a) Afternoon (b) Morning (c) Night		2
32	What is the term for without rests?	(a) Bedam (b) Damdar (c) Avagrah		2
33	In Bhupali MA is omitted	<ul><li>(a) Only in Aroha</li><li>(b) Only in Avaroha</li><li>(c) In both Aroha and Avaroha</li></ul>		2
Sectio	on 3 Fill in the answer	·		Office use only
34	Which fingers are used to play n	otes on your instrument?		4
35	What is the symbol for empty N What is it called? (ii)	latra of a Taal? (i)		4

Section 2 cont'd		NAME	Office use only	
36	Answer the following questions about Dadra.	How many Vibhag?	5	
		How many Matras in the first Vibhag?		
		How many Matras in the Avartan?		
		How many Tali? How many Khali?		
37	Give two well known facts about Amir Khusroo.	Fact 1	4	
		Fact 2		
	THE FAMILY			
38	Provide the following information about a famous vocalist listed in your prescribed course.	Name:	4	
		Where was he/she born		
		What is the name of the Gharana he/she belongs to OR Baaj (style)		
		he/she performs?		
		Who was his/her teacher?		
		Does he/she come from a musical family?		

Sec	tion 3 cont'd NAME		Office
			use only
39	A. What is a Sitar? Describe in words.		14
	B. Provide a diagram of a sitar, name	the Tar and show which Swaras are played on each Tar.	
	NOTE: Answer this question on lined p	aper provided.	
40	Name the Swaras of Raag Bhairav in Avaroha.		6
41	Write the full names of the Swaras.		6
42	What are the Samvadi of the	(a) Bilaval	3
	following Raags?	(b) Yaman	
	E	(c) Bhupali	
43	Answer the following questions about Ektal.	How many Vibhag?	5
		How many Matras in the first Vibhag?	
		How many Matras in the Avartan?	
		How many Tali?	
	THE P	How many Khali?	
44	Give the following information about	TT	5
	a famous Kathak dancer from your	(i) Name	
	prescribed syllabus.	(ii) Is he/she still alive? YES / NO	
		(iii) Date of Birth	
		(iv) Place of birth	
		(v) Baaj or Gharana	
			1

45	Notate 2 Alaap phrases in Raag Bhupali.		4
46	Notate the Asthayi of a Gat in Rupak Ektal or Jhaptal in a Raag of your choice.	PLEASE NOTE:	4
47	Notate the Theka of Dadra Tigun.	(a) Answer these questions on lined paper provided.	4
48	Notate Sooltal and Chaugun.	(b) If the Taal is not stipulated, choose one from the prescribed syllabuses. Be sure to	4
49	Notate the Asthayi of a Gat in Raag Bageshwari.	label your notations clearly with the names of the Raags and Taals.	4
50	Notate a Taan with Tihai in Raag Behag.		4
51	Notate Ektal Dugan.		4

Section 4: Answer all the following questions on lined paper provided.

### <u>NOTE</u>:

All notations must be completed without the use of repetition signs or using the times symbol e.g. X 3 All notations must be complete i.e. have all the appropriate symbols and all Matras numbered.

### Answer all of the following questions:-

- 52. Give introductions to SIX out of seven of the following and include notated examples and/or illustrations as appropriate:
   Kayada, Sangeet, Naad, Raag, Tigun, Saptak, Paddhati (30 marks)
- 53. Compare and contrast Laya and Layakari by listing their similarities and dissimilarities.

(15 marks)

54. Describe Rupak, Ektal or Jhaptaal and notate the Theka of your chosen Taal in Tigun. (15 marks)

### Answer TWO of the following questions. Each question carries 15 marks:-

- 55. What is Tihai? Explain the different types of Tihai. Include two notations of Tihai with each starting from a different Matra in Teentaal.
- 56. Give introductions to the Hindustani and Carnatic music and dance traditions.
- 57. Name a famous Sitar player. Give his or her life sketch and describe the main features of his/her playing style.

Note: This paper carries 20% of the total marks for the Grade 7 Level 3 examination.

# SAMPLE PAPER - II



NAME:\_\_\_\_\_

	Section 1: True or False		Answor	Office
		ent is true and 'F' if you think it is false. If you want to	Answer (T / F)	use
	change your answer, cross out n		(','')	only
1	Teentaal has 3 Vibhag and 3 Tali.	•		2
2	Rishab is higher in pitch than Gar			2
3	The Avartan of Dadra is longer th			2
4	There are 12 Shuddha Swaras in a			2
5	Joda (Jori) is the name of a sita	•		2
6	The term Sangeet refers only to s	•		2
7	The sitar Bol DIR consists of DA a			2
8	Tansen and Amir Khusroo lived a	round the same time.		2
9	Keharwa Taal is only used for clas	ssical music		2
10	Mandra Saptak is higher than Tar	Saptak.		2
11	Jhalla is a type of Taan.			2
12	To play Komal RE you move the G	5A fret down.		2
13	Mukhra is another name for Tiha	<sup>*</sup> s <sup>*</sup>		2
	Section 2: Multiple choice	V YC W	Answer	Office
	Write the letter of the correct ar	nswer in the box. If you want to change your answer, cross	(a / b / c)	use only
1	out neatly and re-write next to i			
14	Manjha is	a) A part of the Sitar		2
		b) A Saptak		
	EX-CX-	c) A part of a Bandish		
15	The Vadi of Yaman is	a) GA		2
		b) DHA		
10	Millest times of day is Version to	c) SA		2
16	What time of day is Yaman to	a) Morning b) Afternoon		2
	be sung?	b) Afternoon c) Evening		
17	How many Swara does Yaman	a) 6		2
1/	Raag have in Aroha?	b) 7		2
		c) 8		
18	When is the Theka of a Taal	a) When each Bol is the same length as the Matra of		2
	Dugun?	the Tal		
	с Т	b) When 2 Bols are equal to one Matra of the Tal		
		c) When 4 Bols are equal to one Matra of the Tal		
19	Maseet Khani is a type of	a) Taan		2
		b) Dhun		
		c) Gat		
20	Drut Laya is	a) Fast Tempo		2
		b) Another name for Dun		
		c) Slow Tempo		
21	Vibhag is a section of	a) A Bandish	1	2
		b) A Taal		
		c) A Raag		
22	When doing Padhant of a Taal	a) speak the Theka of the Taal		2
	you	b) speak the Theka and show Tali and Khali		
		c) show the Tali and Khali of the Taal		

	Section 2 cont'd	NAME	Answer (a / b / c)	Office use only
23	Chalan is	<ul><li>a) A way of playing Taans</li><li>b) A phrase in a particular Raag</li></ul>		2
		c) A type of Gat		
24	Carnatic refers to	a) Music of India		2
27		b) Music of South India		2
		c) Music of North India		
25	Which of the following is	a) <u>SA RE_GA MA</u>		2
	performed the fastest?	b) <u>SA RE GA MA</u>		_
		c) SA RE GA MA		
26	Which of the following is a Tali	a) 3		2
	in Jhaptaal?	b) 4		
		c) 6		
27	How many Swaras does	a) 4 Swars		2
	Bhupali have in Avaroha?	b) 5 Swars		
		c) 6 Swars		
28	How many types of Tihai are	a) 1		2
	there?	b) 2		
		c) 3 Y C Y E WK		
29	A comma in Bhatkhande	a) Shows a pause or Silence		2
	notation	<ul> <li>b) Is used to divide a Matra into equal parts</li> </ul>		
	- And -	c) Shows a Matra		
30	Which is the shortest Taal?	a) Jhaptal		2
	Son She	b) Teentaal		
	L'HH	c) Ektal		
31	Which of the following belong	a) Sa Re Ga Pa Dha Sa		2
	to Raag Bhupali?	b) Sa Ga Pa Dha Ni Sa		
	1, 17, 19, 2	c) Sa Re Ma Pa Dha Sa		
32	Bhupali	a) Has the same number of Swars in Aroh and Avaroh		2
	THE OFE	b) Has more Swars in Aroh than in Avaroh		
	777 4	c) Has less Swars in Aroh than in Avaroh		
33	Bedam is	a) A type of Taan		2
	11 TTT 7	b) A type of Tihai		
•		c) A type of Swar		0.00
	ion 3: Fill in the answer.	and the second		Office
FIII ÍI	n the blanks with appropriate and	wers.		use
24		1		only
34	Notate Komal DHA in Tar			2

34	Notate Komal DHA in Tar Saptak using Bhatkhande notational signs.	2
35	Write the full names of the Swaras used in Raag Bhairav.	4

36 37	Fill in the following information about Rag Bilaval. Write the Pakad (Chalan) of Bhairav.	(i) Vadi (ii) Pakad (iii) Samvadi	6
38	Name a Kathak dancer and give two facts about him/her.	NAME	6
39	Draw a diagram of the Sitar and (a) Label all the parts (b) Explain what parts are use NOTE: Answer this question on line		10
40	Name a Raag which has Ni as Sam	vadi and write its Chalan (Pakad)	4
41		on the Sitar and give two of its main characteristics. For example, from, what it is about, its Taal, featured Swaras/phrase.	6

42	Give the following		5
	information about a	1. Name	
	famous Tabla player from	2 - 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1	
	your prescribed syllabus	2. Is he/she still alive? YES / NO	
		3. Date of Birth	
		4. Place of birth	
		5. Baaj or Gharana	
43	Notate fully a Taan with Tiha	i and indicate which Raag and which Taal it is in.	4
		questions on lined paper provided.	
44	Name the Taal that is 7 Matr	as long and notate it.	4
	NOTE: Answer the following	questions on lined paper provided.	
45	Notate Ektaal Dugun.		4
	NOTE: Answer the following	questions on lined paper provided.	
46	Name the Jati of Raag.	questions on linea paper provided.	4
		3 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
	NOTE: Answer the following	questions on lined paper provided.	
47	Notate a Gat in Jhaptal, Rupa	k or Ektal. Clearly indicate the Raag and Taal the Gat is in.	4
		SELE SI A BRIDE KE	
48	NOTE: Answer the following of Notate Rupak in Dugun and (	questions on lined paper provided.	4
40	Notate Rupak in Dugun and C		4
	NOTE: Answer the following	questions on lined paper provided.	
49	Notate the Avaroha of ONE F	Palta/Alankar based on Raag Malkauns in Dugun and Tigun.	
	The share		
50		questions on lined paper provided.	
50	Notate Arachartal Thah and (	cnaugun	
	NOTE: Answer the following	questions on lined paper provided.	
51	Notate an Alaap and the Asth		
L	NOTE: Answer the following	questions on lined paper provided.	

# *Section 4: Answer all the following questions on lined paper provided* <u>*NOTE:*</u>

### All notations must be

- completed without the use of repetition signs or using the times symbol e.g. X 3
- complete i.e. have all the appropriate symbols and all Matras numbered
- in Bhatkhande Notation Paddhati

### Answer the following questions:-

- 52. Give detailed introductions to SIX of the following and include notated examples and/or illustrations as appropriate:
  30 marks
  Jhumra, Baj, Raag, Thaat, Sitar tuning, Alaap, Jhalla.
- 53. What is Tihai? Explain fully with notated examples including a Tihai in Teentaal 6 beats long. 15 marks
- 54. Give a history and detailed explanation of Bhatkhande Paddhati with examples. 15 marks

### Answer TWO of the following questions. Each question carries 15 marks:-

- 55. What are Laya and Layakari. Explain in detail.
- 56. What is Sangeet? Give a detailed introduction to the different types of Sangeet in Hindustani and Carnatic systems.
- 57. Give a life sketch of a famous Tabla player and describe the main features of his/her performing style.

Note: This paper carries 20% of the total marks for the Grade 7 Level 3 examination.